

ITINERARY 1 from MARSALA

Egadi Islands



1 week



about 112 nm

Marsala – Favignana	15 nm
Favignana – Marettimo	12 nm
Marettimo – Levanzo	13 nm
Levanzo – San Vito Lo Capo	22 nm
San Vito Lo Capo – Riserva dello Zingaro	10 nm
Riserva dello Zingaro – Trapani	18 nm
Trapani – Marsala	22 nm





DAY 1 • MARSALA - FAVIGNANA

The first stop from the port of Marsala is **Favignana**, the largest of the Egadi Islands. Arriving in Favignana, the first thing that appears to your eyes is a large sand-coloured building. This is the old tonnara Florio, the historic tuna factory built in 1874. The tonnara Florio is open daily from 10.00 to 14.00 and from 17.00 to 21.00 (from 1 April to the end of November), and it is possible to take part in a guided tour (highly recommended!). The town centre is built around and consists of small white and yellow houses. In the S. Anna quarter are the late 19th century palaces, what remains of the old bourgeois dwellings of the tuna fishery employees. Palazzo Florio, which today houses the Tourist Office, stands out above them all. Favignana's coastline consists of small bays. The most beautiful are certainly: Cala Rossa, an amphitheatre-like bay opening onto an incredibly blue sea with a privileged view of Levanzo, Cala Azzurra, Cala del Preveto, a cove with a pebble beach bathed by a turquoise sea, the tuff quarries of Bue Marino and the Grotta degli Innamorati, one of the most evocative places on the island. We recommend tasting the typical tuna dishes.



DAY 2 • FAVIGNANA - MARETTIMO

Departure to **Marettimo**, the wildest and most unspoilt of the Egadi Islands with its numerous springs and spectacular sea caves. As we approach the island we begin to catch a glimpse of Punta Troia, topped by the magnificent Norman castle. Recently renovated, the castle now houses the Museo delle Carceri and the Observatory of the Marine Protected Area 'Foca Monaca'. The castle is open from June to September every day from 10.30 a.m. to 6 p.m. The village is very pretty, all white houses with blue window frames. Cala Bianca is without doubt the most beautiful beach on the island. Marettimo is the ideal island for those who love trekking; in fact, there are numerous itineraries that allow you to explore the island entirely on foot and allow you to reach several panoramic points such as Pizzo Falcone, Pizzo Telegrafo or Punta Basano (a perfect spot to see the sunrise!), but also the lighthouse of Punta Libeccio, the Roman houses and the castle of Punta Troia itself. By boat you can only moor at the buoys in zone B. The best places for swimming are: Scalo maestro (below Punta Troia), Libano: a small beach that appears and disappears depending on the winds, reachable only by sea, Punta Libeccio/Cala Nera: reachable only by sea, Cala Conca: reachable only by sea, Cala Finocchio Marino: reachable only by sea. It is also recommended to visit the sea caves such as Grotta del Cammello or Grotta del Tuono. If you stop by the harbour, enjoy an aperitif and dinner at sunset.

DAY 3 • MARETTIMO - LEVANZO

Levanzo is the smallest of the Egadi Islands and has a small harbour around which the island's only village develops. Levanzo is most famous for the prehistoric graffiti in the Grotta del Genovese and for its crystal-clear sea. Although very small, Levanzo offers several beaches and coves. Starting from the port in a counter-clockwise direction, you will find: Cala Dogana is the town 'beach', Cala Fredda, a micro beach of pebbles in a bay with marvellous water, the rocky Cala Minnola, Cala Calcara, a small cove with absolute tranquillity, Cala Tramontana is a bay of white rocks protected by rocks perfect for a sunset swim, Cala Faraglione, protected by the islet of the same name behind which the outline of Favignana is drawn. We recommend the Bar Ristorante Romano: Levanzo's most famous and most beautiful terrace. Everything is excellent, but don't miss the fish dishes. Pensione Paradiso Restaurant known for its fresh fish dishes. Panetteria La Chicca: the place to have an aperitif in Levanzo, it overlooks the small port and offers a great assortment of panini, pannelle, arancini, etc.



DAY 4 • LEVANZO - SAN VITO LO CAPO

Arriving at the port by boat, one has the good fortune to admire a truly unique view: the beach of **San Vito Lo Capo**, a large expanse of white sand lapped by a turquoise sea. The sea is perfect for enjoying long swims in its transparent waters with a Caribbean flavour. Just outside San Vito is the beach of Macari (also the name of the village of the same name). A walk through the village is also recommended. San Vito lo Capo is also famous for hosting the Cous Cous Fest at the end of September, so don't leave San Vito without trying the famous fish cous cous.





DAY 5 • SAN VITO LO CAPO - RISERVA DELLO ZINGARO

Zingaro Nature Reserve, a true paradise on earth: seven kilometres of unspoilt nature and splendid coves, such as Cala del Varo, accessible only by sea, Cala dell'Uzzo and Cala Tonnarella dell'Uzzo, ideal for swimming and snorkelling.

DAY 6 • RISERVA DELLO ZINGARO - TRAPANI

We recommend that you take some time to visit the city of **Trapani**, the centre is not very big and can easily be visited on foot. Trapani's historic centre is dotted with historical buildings of great artistic value, bearing witness to different styles and periods. Via Giovanni Battista Fardella is the city's main shopping street, where you will find numerous cafés, restaurants and shops. We recommend trying local specialities such as pesto alla Trapanese. About 20 minutes by car you can also visit Erice, a small medieval town that will take you back in time with its thousand-year history. We recommend you try Le Genovesi di Erice: typical pastries made of short pastry filled with delicate custard.



DAY 7 • TRAPANI - MARSALA

Return to the port at the scheduled time.

A visit to the historic centre and its rich artistic heritage in the 'Baroque' style is recommended. You should also see the 'Riserva Naturale dello Stagnone' and take a bike ride on the bike path that runs along the entire lagoon, stopping to visit the salt pans. If you still have time left, don't forget to visit one of the many historical wine cellars that produce Marsala wine. The city has more than 30 wine cellars that produce wine for all types of palates, from white to red to sparkling wines and Marsala.